



Finanziato  
dall'Unione europea  
NextGenerationEU



Ministero  
dell'Università  
e della Ricerca



# Presentation of the Proceedings Book of the Project edited with Springer

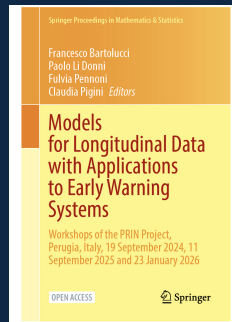
**Fulvia Pennoni**

*Department of Statistics and Quantitative Methods  
University of Milano-Bicocca, Milan, Italy*

**Final Workshop PRIN - Perugia, IT - January 23, 2026**

# Outline

## Proceedings of the PRIN Workshops – Springer Content: Brief Summary of the Chapters



# Models for Longitudinal Data with Applications to Early Warning Systems

- ▷ This book is the result of the joint work of the group of researchers of the *four local research units* of PRIN 2022 – Projects of Significant National Interest titled: *“Hidden Markov Models for Early Warning Systems”*
- ▷ The *Editors* are:
  - ▶ Francesco Bartolucci: University of *Perugia* – Leading unit
  - ▶ Claudia Pigini: Università Politecnica delle *Marche* (Ancona)
  - ▶ Fulvia Pennoni: University of *Milano-Bicocca*
  - ▶ Paolo Li Donni: University of *Palermo*

# Content

- ▷ The book focuses on *forecasting events and rare events* relying on an important class of models for longitudinal data especially hidden Markov models
- ▷ Related models are also considered, together with *measures of predictive performance*, which are used to evaluate the proposed approaches
- ▷ Applications range from *economics* to *health*, as the proposed methods lie at the intersection of *econometrics* and *statistics* and have connections with *machine learning*
- ▷ The book has *eight* chapters, which are briefly summarized in the following

# Chapter 1

## *Sampling-based and Cost-sensitive Classification in Early Warning Systems for Financial Crises*

**Authors:** Mircoli A., Pigini C. and Potena D.

- ▷ Address rare events, *imbalance* and uncertainty
- ▷ Present the *k-means synthetic minority oversampling technique* approach aimed at balancing the training sample
- ▷ Explore the potential of *cost-sensitive classification* through the MetaCost algorithm to assign different costs to different misclassification errors
- ▷ Application through a systemic *banking crises* database

# Chapter 2

## *Auto Machine Learning for Early Warning Crisis Detection*

**Authors:** Cesarini M., Brusa L., Pennoni F. and Vittadini G.

- ▷ Present *auto machine learning (AML) techniques* based on supervised learning
- ▷ Involve to data preparation, handling of *imbalanced data*, and construction of optimal subsets of training data
- ▷ Application related to *forecasting financial crises* based on historical data
- ▷ Show the *competitive performance of AML* with reduced manual tuning

# Chapter 3

## *Exploring Binary Regression and Hidden Markov Models for Early Warning Systems*

**Authors:** Brusa L., Pennoni F., Peruilh Bagolini R., Bartolucci F.

- ▷ Propose *logit, probit, and hidden Markov (HM) models* as predictive and forecasting tools
- ▷ Application related to *longitudinal data* on banking crises with a set of macroeconomic and monetary covariates
- ▷ Compare the *predictive performance* using various metrics
- ▷ Provide a special focus on the *distinctive features* of HM models

# Chapter 4

## *A Regularized EWS for Banking Crises: a Grouped Fixed Effects Approach*

**Authors:** Pigni C. and Pionati A.

- ▷ Propose a *regularized grouped fixed-effects* estimator for financial crisis prediction
- ▷ Adopt a data-driven strategy using *k-means clustering* to generate low-dimensional group-specific fixed effects
- ▷ Show *effective detection* of first-ever crises and provide a *comparison* with a fixed-effects logit model
- ▷ Highlight that the proposed statistical model *enhances the interpretability of the results*

# Chapter 5

## *A Bayesian Student's t-hidden Markov Model Approach for Cryptocurrencies Time Series\**

**Authors:** Peruilh Bagolini R., Tancini D. and Pandolfi S.

- ▷ Propose a multivariate Student's t hidden Markov model for *heavy-tailed time series*
- ▷ Develop a *Bayesian formulation* based on a Metropolis-within-Gibbs algorithm to exploit the full predictive distribution
- ▷ Provide an application to *three major cryptocurrencies by market capitalization*
- ▷ Identify *distinct latent regimes* corresponding to varying levels of financial risk

# Chapter 6

## *Link Prediction in Temporal Networks: A Dynamic Stochastic Block Model Approach\**

**Authors:** Pandolfi S., Brusa L., Pennoni F. and Bartolucci F.

- ▶ Present *undirected binary graphs* based on dynamic stochastic block models
- ▶ Propose a new approach for *link prediction in longitudinal networks* based on discrete latent variables
- ▶ Implement a *simulation study* to evaluate the proposed method to predict connection probabilities
- ▶ Provide an application to dynamic networks generated by *patterns of individual encounters* and interactions in *an ant colony*

# Chapter 7

## *The Substitution Between Primary And Emergency Care In Individuals With Chronic Conditions: Evidence From A Structural Model\**

**Authors:** Laudicella M. and Li Donni P.

- ▷ Propose a *hidden Markov bivariate Poisson model*
- ▷ Application related to the *Danish National Patient Register*, including primary care and emergency secondary care visits
- ▷ Account for *three sources of association*: within and between outcomes, unobserved heterogeneity in patient health and utilization preferences, and time-specific demand shocks
- ▷ Provide important *policy implications*

# Chapter 8

## *The Demand of Primary and Secondary Care: A Bayesian Hierarchical Approach\**

**Authors:** Li Donni P. and Nicodemo C.

- ▷ Present a *Bayesian hierarchical bivariate Poisson model*
- ▷ Use data from the Aurum Clinical Practice Research Datalink, one of the *largest databases of anonymized primary care electronic health* records in the United Kingdom
- ▷ Consider a Hamiltonian *Monte Carlo* approach for estimation
- ▷ Highlight the *key drivers* of healthcare utilization across care settings

# Key Contributions

- ▷ *Advanced modeling* of rare events with both maximum likelihood inference and *Bayesian* methods
- ▷ Integration with *machine learning* methods
- ▷ *Innovative* early warning system methodologies
- ▷ *Applications* in finance, network science, and health
- ▷ *Policy relevance* and evidence-based insights
- ▷ *Open and reproducible research* with supplementary Python, R, and STATA code

# Acknowledgments

*We acknowledge* the financial support from the grant “Hidden Markov Models for Early Warning Systems” of Ministero dell’Università e della Ricerca (PRIN 2022TZEXKF) funded by European Union - Next Generation EU, Mission 4, Component 2, CUP J53D23004990006